

No. 302 OF 1897.

Collector's Office,

Sharon 25<sup>th</sup> Sept 1897.

# MEMORANDUM.

This office of 273 & 275 dated  
at 1.2 & 15<sup>th</sup> Sept'm 1871  
according to the  
form of Dec. 10<sup>th</sup>, 1870, inform to  
be duly signed by Mr. Maloney  
Attest: [Signature] Sec. of the [Signature]

Requests an early  
reply to this Office  
reference noted in  
the margin.

Collector.

၇၅၀ လဲ ၇၅၀ ဇာန် ၂၀၁၆ ခုနှစ် ဝန်ထုပ်ဝန်ပိုး  
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*[Signature]*

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*[Signature]*

4.10.99

*[Signature]*

No 3 of 1887,

From,

The Nawab Sahib,

Savanur,

To,

The Collector and Political Agent,

Bharwar,

Nawab Sahib's Office, Savanur,

is,

31st of July 1887,

With reference to your vernacular letters no 113 and 114 dated 16<sup>th</sup> and 29<sup>th</sup> of July 1887, I have the honor to call your attention to the following.

Under the sanction of Government Resolution no 6693 dated 6th Nov 1885, the extra allowance of Rs 50 per mensem has been granted to Lady Amirkhishah, not only because she supports to Shahajiha-Begum and also that she should leave Savanur and go and live at Bharwar, so that she might find no opportunity to get up a dispute with

me on any pretext.

I have no objection to give Amis-  
Bibi Sahab, The extra allowance, if she would  
live at Savanur without giving or trying to  
give me any sort of trouble. If she acts  
against it, she shall be told to leave  
Savanur and go and live at Bharwar. Then  
too, she shall not have the Bungalow she  
now lives in.

~~I have the honor to be,~~  
Res,

Your sincere friend,

Abdul Zafar Khan  
Wau ab Sahab, Savanur,



X ~~Tham~~

X Vema: No 3 of 1887.

To, The Nawab Sahib  
Savanur -  
Sir -

In answer to your -  
No 3 of 31<sup>st</sup> Ultimo I have the  
honor to state that you have  
overlooked the fact that Mr Middleton,  
who was then in entire charge of the  
State, handed over the bungalow  
to the Lady Amirbibi. It is -  
because you wish her to vacate  
the bungalow that I have advised  
that she should go to Savanur  
and should still receive the  
extra allowance. It was -  
never contemplated that she  
should live at Dhawar  
and provide a bungalow  
for

for herself - If therefore you  
choose to raise any objections  
to her going to Savanur, the —  
present arrangement must  
continue -

2 - In the event of any disputes  
arising after the Lady Amirbibi  
goes to Savanur I shall have  
to decide what action to take,  
but considering the expense  
attendant on educating her  
son, I think it right she  
should receive the extra  
allowance whether at Dharwar  
or Savanur -

Yours sincerely  
J. K. Spence  
Political Agent

Dharwar } Recd  
4<sup>th</sup> August }  
1888

215100

No 4 of 1887,

From,

The Nawab Sahib,

Savanes,

To,

The Collector and Political Agent,

Sharada,

Nawab Sahib's office Savanes,

At,

7<sup>th</sup> August 1887,

In reply to your letter No 3 of 1887, I have the honor to inform you that I have plainly stated in my Vernacular letter No 16 dated 12<sup>th</sup> July 1887, to your address, that the small bungalow was handed over to Lady Amis Bili Sahib in the following manner.

Mr Middleton at first refused to hand over the bungalow and made an order dated 5<sup>th</sup> April 1887, No 102, that Lady Amis Bili Sahib, should make private arrangements about her dwelling at Sharada. Upon her request a second time, he ordered that she should take up half the bungalow and that the other half should be reserved for my use. Upon her request a third time for the whole bungalow.

He issued an order dated 20<sup>th</sup> September 1886,  
No 53 That the other half also should be used by  
her but upon condition that she should vacate  
it whenever I made visits to Bharwar.

Lately Mr. Bunnaney ordered upon  
Amir Kili Sahib's request, that she should occupy  
the whole bungalow and that the big bungalow  
should be kept vacant for my use.

I have requested you in my Perwarul  
No 16 to get the small bungalow vacated as the  
above mentioned orders were passed in contravention  
of the G. Resolution, sanctioning the settlement  
to L. Amir Kili & Shahajihal Begum, which does  
not state that the State should provide her  
a bungalow while at Bharwar.

From your letter No 3, I conclude, you are  
of opinion that the bungalow should be got  
vacated after allowing her to go to Savanur.

In my last letter I have not said that she  
should not go to and should not receive the  
extra allowance while at Savanur.

In it, I have requested you to advise L. Amir Kili Sahib to live here (at Savanur) without giving me any sort of trouble. If she is not advised to that effect, she may perhaps trouble me often and consequently I shall have to subject myself again to that sort of trouble, which Government have once freed me from and you shall have to devote your most important hours to deciding such wretched matters.

Under these circumstances, I hope, you will kindly advise L. Amir Kili Sahib, what is just and right & get the whole bang low created after deciding the matter.

I have the honor to be,  
Sir,

Your sincere friend

A J.  
Nawab Sahib Durrani

5/8/1877

To, The Nawab Sahib  
Savannah -  
Sir -

In answer to your  
No 4 of 7<sup>th</sup> Instant, I have  
the honor to point out that  
your own letter shows that two  
succeeding Political Agents  
handed over the small  
bungalow to the Lady Amir  
Bibi. It is hardly my  
province to undo the acts  
of my predecessors. Because  
you have now chosen to let  
the large bungalow hardly  
alters the case. Although the  
Government Resolution sanc-  
tioning

tioning the settlement to the  
Lady Amir Bibi and Shahajika  
Begum made no specific  
mention of a bungalow at  
Dharwar it did not cripple  
the Political Agents right to  
make any arrangement he  
considered best - You none  
agree to pay the extra allow-  
ance to the Lady Amir -  
Bibi if she goes to Savanur -  
but wish me to advise her  
not to trouble you - It is -  
hardly my province to assume  
that she is going to give you  
trouble & the giving of  
such advice would dis-  
tinctly amount to such



an assumption which the Lady  
might justly resent - Should  
quarrels unfortunately arise I shall  
know how to act but I must ask  
you to trust to me to dispose  
of the matter justly when it arises  
but not to assume anything before  
hand - With this expression of  
my views I hope I may consider  
the matter settled -

Dharwar }  
15<sup>th</sup> August }  
1884 }

Rev

John  
90161612

Yours sincerely

J W Spence  
Political Agent

Dharwar



No 67 of 1887

From,

The Nawab of Savanur,

To,

The Collector and Political Agent,

Bharuwar,

Sir,

Savanur Nawab Sahab's

Office, 29th October 1887.

With reference to your letter No 8  
of dated 15th August 1887, I have the honor to  
state that I agree to the views you have  
taken about Lady Amir Bibi Sahab's case.  
— I think it necessary —  
now I ~~am not~~ do not ~~wish~~ to impose any  
conditions about regarding her living at  
Savanur and receiving the extra allowance.  
I hope you will no more find <sup>any</sup> difficulty  
to settle the matter.

Your sincere friend

Abdur Rehman  
Nawab Sahab Sadrang

Sawanager

10th of Dec 1887,

No 10 of 1887-88,

To,

J. K. Spence Esquire Acting Collector &

Political Agent, Bharwar,

Sir,

Lady Amisbikisatel wrote a letter to the  
address of my Diwan, appending a copy of your  
Vernacular letter No 64 dated 2nd Nov 1887, <sup>to her address,</sup> with a  
request <sup>"extra"</sup> that the allowance should be <sup>continued to be</sup> paid  
to her at Sawanager, in compliance with the  
orders contained in your letter alluded to above.  
On the case having been referred to me by the  
Diwan, I have issued orders to make payments  
of the extra allowance, although she  
chooses to live at Sawanager.

In your letter under reference, to her  
address, it is stated that the small Bungalow  
at Bharwar, belonging to the Estate has been got  
vacated from her, that it has already been  
put in my possession and that she would no  
more find difficulty to draw the extra

allowance, at ~~Sauwamur~~. while living at  
Sauwamur. This letter has not been forwarded  
through me or my business.

I therefore beg to request the favour  
of a reply <sup>in your favour</sup> to my Vernacular letter No. 18 dated  
12th July 1887, to the same effect. Because I  
wish to have such a reply on my record.

Yours sincere friend

Abdul Latif Khan  
Kewat Sahab Qaduni

No 20 of 1887/88,

Sawanur Nawab Sahab's Office,

17<sup>th</sup> of July 1888,

From,

The Nawab Sahab,

Sawanur,

To,

The Acting Collector and Political Agent,

Bharwar,

Sir,

- With reference to the 2nd para of your  
Veruacular Letter No 33 dated the 2nd <sup>June</sup> ~~July~~ 1888

I have the honor to request your attention  
to the following.

When I and my brother joined the  
Bharwar High School, after completing our  
English III standard, Mr Middleton who was  
in charge of the State, gave us short allow-  
ances for the expenses of our education and  
also he refused to give some other Biraders,  
any assistance. The late Nawab Sahab stopped

our allowances, as soon as he was entrusted with the management of the State.

Amir Behu Sahib is not in pecuniary difficulties. She has been drawing Rs 150 per mensem from the State, including the extra allowance, besides Shajhat Begum's income. She could easily get her only son educated out of this income. Mr Middleton has clearly ~~laid down in his memo~~ dated 23rd Oct 1886, that Lady Amritkaur and her son have no claim on the State to more than their hereditary allowance of Rs 100. Daler Khan has not completed even his Kanarese III standard. He is not therefore fit at present to join any English school. In the 2nd Grade Anglo-Vernacular school at Sawanur, boys are taught up to the English IV standard. Daler Khan might study there for at least 4 years more. Amir Behu Sahib writes such letters to your address, simply with the intention of taking

money from the state on some pretext.

Under these circumstances, I am not  
willing to give any allowance to Dattkhau  
for his educational expenses. In this view  
I hope you will kindly inform Amis Bhai  
Sahab.

Your sincere friend

Abdul Fuzul Khan  
Nawab Sahib Sawanur,

No 14 of 1868/89.

From,

The Nawabsahib,

Savanur,

To,

The Acting Collector and Political,

Agent Bharwar,

Savanur Nawabsahib's office,

11th of February 1869,

Sir,

I have the honor to give you  
some information of the Jodi of Ameer Bibi-  
sahib dated 29th of January 1869, to your  
address, in which she prays that the civil  
suit instituted against her by her <sup>sons-in-law</sup> ~~sons-in-law~~  
Abdul Jabbar Khan & Abdul Majid Khan in  
the Court of the 1st class Subjudge Savanur  
i.e. of my Diwan, be transferred to your  
Court and for which you have been

pleased to ask ~~me~~ my opinion whether

The suit should be transferred to any other court and if so, to which it should be sent.

My uncles Abdul Karim Khan Sahab (father of the plaintiffs in the suit) and Abdul Rouf Khan Sahab (husband of the defendant i.e. the present petitioner) were full brothers.

Abdul Karim Khan Sahab died when his sons the plaintiffs were minors. A short time before his death he made a will by which he appointed his brother Abdul Rouf Khan Sahab guardian of his minor sons and manager of his estate. Having managed the estate and protected the minors for some time Abdul Rouf Khan Sahab died when the plaintiffs were still minors. Before his death he also made a will by which he appointed



his wife the present petitioner; guardian  
of the said minors and managers of the  
estate. Accordingly the plaintiffs were  
under the protection of Amer Nili Sahib until  
they attained majority. The plaintiffs have  
been married to the daughters of Amer Nili  
Sahib the petitioner. The plaintiffs have  
now instituted a suit against Amer Nili  
Sahib in the court of my Diwan to  
recover possession of some of their estate which  
they allege, still remains in her possession and  
for the previous account and my Diwan has  
proceeded with the case according to law. He  
has no reason whatsoever to pass an  
unjust judgment against the defendant the  
present petitioner. I think that she has  
been ill advised in making this petition by  
Abdul Samshod Khan of whose character  
I have given a short description ~~in my~~

in my letter No 13 dated 30<sup>th</sup> of January  
1889 to your address because she is always  
guided by his opinion and this petition is  
in the handwriting of his son.

If the case is decided against her  
by my Division and she finds his decision  
unjust, she is at liberty to appeal to me.  
If I also decide it against her and if the  
decision be, in her opinion unjust she is  
allowed to make an application to you  
for reviewing the case. In case of your  
concurring in my decision she may make  
an appeal to the Government of Bombay  
and it can exercise its extraordinary powers  
of superintendence and control, if there are  
good grounds for doing so, in accordance  
with the rules as laid down in Government  
Resolution No 155 dated 7th January 1889.  
According to the said resolution, —  
For this State there are no other courts of justice,  
than the following namely — My Division's

Court of the first instance, my Court of original and appellate jurisdiction, your Court of <sup>review</sup> ~~revision~~ and the final Court of appeal of the Government of Bombay. So the case can not be transferred to ~~any~~ <sup>some</sup> other Court ~~from~~ that of my Divan and there are no reasons to do so. Besides this, as she is not a person of rank, you are not, as a Political Agent, bound to try this suit, under section 5 of ~~Reg. II~~ of 1830. If this case is transferred to any other court, special arrangement being made, other people also may follow the example and this course may undoubtedly cause unnecessary delay and expense to the against parties.

Under these circumstances I am of opinion that the suit against the petitioner should be tried ~~first~~ in the Court of my Divan as ever.

I have the honor to be,

Your sincere friend

Muhammad Tahir Ali  
Naib Sahel Saver

of the state. He nominated the petitioner's son successor to the Gadi because the latter was his wife's brother but he did not direct by his will that he was going to nominate the petitioner's son successor to the Gadi because I was not on good terms with him.

I have no reason whatsoever to advise the plaintiffs to file this suit against the petitioner or to take personal interest in the case.

I think that you would ~~also~~ be of opinion that you could not try this suit in your court, it being a court of review under the Government Resolution No 155 dated 7th January 1889. The full jurisdiction invested to me by Government in civil matters is not under Regulation XIII of 1830. She can not therefore raise, under the ~~author~~ authority of section 2 of the said regulation,

any objection to my trying the suit nor  
claim that the suit should be tried by  
you, as a Political Agent.

There is no reason at all for me to  
my Dewan to do injustice to her. If her  
request is granted, other people may also  
follow the example on the pretext of calling  
me and my Dewan as witnesses though  
might  
There be no good grounds for so doing.

A detailed information is given in my  
letter No 14 of 1888/89 on the subject. & you have  
been pleased to write in your endorsement  
No. 83 that the case should be tried and  
duly decided here according to law.

Under these circumstances, I hope, that  
you will be again be of opinion that the  
suit should be tried and decided here.

Your endorsement  
letter No 1835 is  
returned herewith.

I have the honor to be,

Respectfully,

Your sincere friend,

Abdullah Khan of the  
Kawal Sahib of Savanur,

India court fee  
Eight annas.

To,

14 E Winter Esq. C. S.

Collector and Political Agent, Bharwad,

The petition of Ameer Bibi widow of  
Abdul Rofkhan Sahib Beradar Nawab  
of Savnur respectfully sheweth:-

That your petition and her  
memorandum have been sued for a sum  
of Rs 3000 in civil suit No 2 of 1889 in the  
first class subordinate Judge's court at Savnur  
by Abdul Jabarkhan and Abdul Masjid Khan  
who are the sons of Abdul Karim Khan (brother-  
in-law of the petitioner and her sons-in-law  
also.

That the date fixed for presenting  
a written statement by the petitioner was  
23rd February last. But that on her application  
that she was going to move the Political  
Agent to withdraw the suit and try it  
herself and that consequently she wanted

time, The Judge was good enough to  
grant adjournment till the 6th Instant.

That your petitioner begs to state that  
for the followings it is not right nor desirable  
that the suit should be tried by the District  
Judge.

- (1) That Abdul Biter Khan the late Nawab  
who was the son-in-law of the petitioner  
was not on friendly terms with the  
present Nawab.
- (2) That after the death of the late Nawab  
disputes arose regarding succession to the  
"Gadi" between the present Nawab and  
the petitioner and consequently both of  
them are not on good terms also.
- (3) That the present suit, which is  
~~utterly~~ groundless, has been brought  
on the advice of the present Nawab  
and at the instigation of Rahmatu-  
nisa Begum step mother of the plaintiffs  
who is on friendly terms with the Nawab.



- (4) That The Nawab takes personal interest in the case.
- (5) That The Nawab and The Dewane are cognisant of certain circumstances in connection with the suit which makes it necessary to call them as witnesses for the defence.
- (6) That it would be very difficult for the petitioner to obtain evidence to prove her case if the case were to be tried at Savanur before the Diwan.
- (7) That according to Regulation XIII of 1830 and immemorial custom ~~prevailing~~ prevailing in the Savanur state disputes between the Beradar Nawabs are heard and determined not by the Savanur state or its officers, but by the Political Agent or by some independent officer.

That for these reasons your petitioner prays that under Section 25 of the Civil Procedure Code

You will be pleased to withdraw ~~the~~  
the suit from the Court of the First class  
Judge's Court at Savanur and try it  
yourself.

And that for this kindness your petitioner  
will ever pray.

[Seal]

Def Ameer Rishi widow of Abdul

Ref Khann Sahib Beradar Nawab

Sharwar,

2nd April 1889

of Savanur.

Shrinivas Kardin

Pleader

No. 1835-

Forwarded to the Nawab of Savanur with the  
Political Agent's compliments & with a request  
that he will state very briefly for the infor-  
mation of the Political Agent what the facts  
are with regards to the allegation of the applicant,  
at an early date.

To !, turned

H. C. Wiles

as Pol. Agent

Sharwar

2-4-89,

No 28 of 1888/89

Savanur, 5<sup>th</sup> April 1889.

Returned with this Office No 27, to the  
Collector and Political Agent - Sharnoor  
with the Compliments of the Nawab.

Abdullah Tuleez Khan  
Nawab of Savanur.

ॐ नमो भगवते वासुदेवाय  
 गुरु गुरु गुरु

deroet brennende wagen  
veroyt een groote zee —

[illegible]

700-  
222

9 ~~2017 21 Nov 2017~~

9 ~~पुनर्जागरण~~

1. *உருவம்* *செய்த* *பொருள்*  
*பொருள்* *செய்த* *பொருள்*  
*பொருள்* *செய்த* *பொருள்*  
*பொருள்* *செய்த* *பொருள்*

As soon as

*Das ist das neue Gebot*

Shrinivas Vershine  
pleader

செருத்த. 1920  
செ. செ.  
நி. நி. செ. செ.

No 11 of 1887

Sawaneer

15<sup>th</sup> Dec 1887,

To name,

The Nawab of Sawaneer,

To,

J. K. Spence, Esquire Acting Collector &  
Political Agent, Bharuwar,

Sir,

With reference to your Veruaculous letter  
No 12 dated 21<sup>st</sup> October 1887, I beg to state that  
it is not, that allowances have been fixed  
from the State for the annual Fratyahs of all  
the previous Nawabs of this State and their wives.  
For the annual Fratyahs even of 16 16. The  
late Nawabsahib's father and his mother, no  
allowance has been fixed from the State.

If certain sums were apportioned, for the  
annual Fratyahs of every ruled Nawab and  
his wife, the State will have to spend a large  
sum, every year during the month of Shababau.

of every Hindu, religious Fatihas of all the  
ancestors including the late Nawab Sahib and  
his wife are performed from the State at  
a certain expense. There there will be no  
need of performing the Fatihas of H. B. The late  
Nawab Sahib & his wife separately. Lady Amrit-  
Kishor Sahib says in her letter, that it is necessary  
to perform annual Fatihas according to the  
Mohammedan law. The Mohammedan law does  
not hold that Fatihas of deceased persons  
should be performed.

Under these circumstances, I do not find  
it expedient to fix any separate allowances  
for the Fatihas of the late Nawab Sahib and  
his wife.

Yours sincere friend

Nawab Sahib Lawrence,

---

N<sup>o</sup> 7588 of 1893

Bombay Castle 19<sup>th</sup> December 1893

From

G. C. Withworth, Esq

Acting Secretary to Government  
Bombay.

To

The Collector and Political Agent

Dharwar

Sir

I have the honour to forward herewith to you for delivery a letter of this day's date to Amir Bibi Shahab, wife of Abdur Rauf Khan Shahab the brother of the Habab of Savanur.

I A Copy of the letter is enclosed for your information

I have the honour to be

Sir

Your most obedient servant

(sd) G. C. Withworth  
Acting Secretary to Government

No 7407 of 1893

Camp Halayud 15 December 1893

For worded to be assisted.

Political agent. Bhawanee, with request

that he will cause the enclosed packet

to be delivered to Amir Bibi Shahab

as a witness

To be returned

Political  
agent

No 1821 of 1893

Khawar of December 1893

Forwarded with the accompanying  
sealed packet to the Divan of Bannu  
to deliver it to Amir Bibi Sahab & acknowledge  
her receipt

To be returned

At Bannu

Assistant Political  
agent - Khawar



No 27 of 1888/89

From,

The Nawab Sahab,

Savanur.

To,

The Acting Collector and Political  
Agent, Dharewar,

Savanur Nawab Sahab's Office,

Del,

5<sup>th</sup> of April 1889.

With reference to your endorsement  
No 1835 dated the 2nd instant, I have the  
honor to state that the allegation of the  
applicant Ameerlika that my Diwan and  
I are cognisant of certain circumstances in  
connection with the suit which makes it  
necessary to call us as witnesses for the  
defence, is utterly untrue, <sup>for the following</sup> because Abdul  
Karim Khan Sahab father of the plaintiffs died  
about the year 1880. Before his death he had  
made a will directing by which that <sup>the</sup> ~~that~~

management of his estate should be looked after by Abdul Rouf Khan Sahib husband of the applicant, during the minority of the claimants. At that time I was leading a student life and residing at Bharwar.

I am therefore quite ignorant of any circumstances connected with the suit. My Diwan was appointed to his present post in October 1885. From this, you will easily conclude, I hope, how far he might be cognisant of any of the circumstances in connection with the case and how far the allegation of the applicant might be true. She makes this allegation with <sup>the</sup> mere obstinacy ~~that~~ of getting the case ~~should~~ transferred to any other Court.

She further alleges that I was not on good terms with the late Nawab. This is untrue. No enmity existed between him & me. He was kind enough to take me & my brother into him, to the Raja Ram College <sup>for our studies</sup> at the expense

No. 17 of 1893/94

Savanna Division's office

1st January 1894.

Returned with compliments to the first  
assistant Collector and Political Agent  
Sharada. The sealed packet has been  
delivered to Lady Smith's Sahib and  
the acknowledgement there of is here  
with return as directed.

D. W. Smith

Division of Savanna

No 69 of 1893-94

From

The Sivan of Sarwar

To

The civil Surgeon Sarwar -  
Sarwar Dewani's office

23<sup>rd</sup> April 1894

In reply to your No 87, I have the  
19-4-94  
honor to bring to your notice that this State  
is not amenable to pay the bills issued in  
the names of Amir-bibi and Khan Bahadur  
Dawlat Khan on account of medicines  
supplied to them, except in the cases  
of the undermentioned <sup>minors</sup> persons whose  
estates are under the charge of this State & that  
~~the same~~ bills have been forwarded to the address  
Late Nawab's children (Three daughters  
and a son (The minor Nawab)

Abdul Fasih Khan's sons:—

- |                    |                |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 1 Abdul Fasih Khan | 2 Nawab Khan   |
| 2 Abd. Karkhan     | 4 Abd. Karkhan |

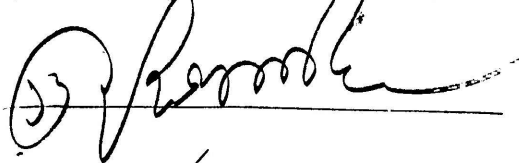
and Hayat Khan's son (Minor)

1 Abdul Hakim Khan

The above mentioned persons are minors  
and their estates are under my charge.  
to any bills <sup>if</sup> issued in the names of the above  
mentioned persons, they will be paid from  
the state

I have the honor to be  
Sir

Your most obedient servant

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'D. Perre', written over a horizontal line.

Deputy of Governor

No 87 of 1894

Sharwar 19<sup>th</sup> April 1894

From,

The Civil Surgeon Sharwar

To,

The Dewan of Saonoo,

Sir,

I have the honour to send you  
herewith bills as per margin on account

Amerbi  
Rs as P.  
2 - 10 - 0

medicines supplied to relatives  
of the late Nawab of Saonoo

Khan-Phadost on the understanding that the  
Dallal Khan  
Rs as P.  
0 - 12 - 0

Charges for the same would  
be paid for by you.

I have the honour to

be

Your most obedient servant  
J. P. [Signature] M. D.

Surgeon Major  
Civil Surgeon Sharwar

Recd

21/4/94

W. [Signature]  
6

Below P.M.A. I' no 5235 1. L. 2. 7 19. 6. 18

Amiribi's reference with out date July 10. v

asking to give her all sort of help for getting in  
the money off of the 1 room son of Ball's for.

income rate of 10% on a \$1.00

No. 31 of 1900

14 July 1900

Returned with compliments to the a.

Agent sava n stati.

2 *Tern brevicauda* *franka* - a. noted in 11.

[illegible]

The Govt. would, respectfully <sup>particular</sup> ~~draw~~ <sup>direct</sup> the attention  
of the a. p. agent to the <sup>head</sup> ~~harmos~~ by <sup>money</sup> ~~money~~ <sup>Bonus</sup> to  
Anderson included, in the first <sup>fourth</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~the~~ of the

10-11-1881  
18-8-1881  
18-8-1881  
18-8-1881  
18-8-1881

accompanying maharajas. <sup>been</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>has</sup> ~~no~~ <sup>precedent</sup>  
for any such <sup>concession</sup> ~~precedent~~ having been made to  
other Maharajas & Kharya as on similar occasions.

If the request of the lady be <sup>granted</sup>, it will be cited <sup>as</sup>  
precedent ~~should be set up as~~ <sup>by</sup> the other Maharajas also  
~~will follow the example~~ and the state will <sup>be put</sup> ~~be put~~ there by cause  
it unnecessary trouble ~~is in~~ <sup>is in</sup> ~~the~~ <sup>the</sup> ~~requests~~ <sup>requests</sup> to the local  
~~State~~ <sup>State</sup> authorities

Ch





first born child. I have it as a sort of pleasure at  
the time by observing all religious ceremonies. These ceremonies  
are observed for out 40 days. Distribution of sugar  
among all the nobles, & there is a feast with guests of distinction.  
In order to carry out the religious ceremonies I  
am in need of your help; on the 10th day a great  
feast will be held. In honour of the day's ceremonies,  
I hope that your Honour will kindly send me a letter to  
inform me about all sort of help. In case, the  
state is not wanting to bear the expense, I am willing  
to bear myself all the expenses of communication with  
them. For his sort of kindness I shall ever be  
in your long life & prosperity.

I have the honour to be,  
Sir,

Your most obedient servant

Anant Singh.

Rs 5255 of 1900.

23-7 1900.

Forwarded to the Director of  
immediate report through the S. T. Agent.

W. A. Gorderet

Political Agent

Laramur.

No 314 of 1900.

24 July 1900.

Returns with compliments to the A. P. Agent  
Gavapur State.

2. Five Vernacular prakarnas noted in the

1 Vernacular prakarna commencing  
from this office no 319 & ending  
25-2-1893  
with the A. P. Agents' no 153  
4/25 March 1893.

2 - Do - commencing from this office  
no 585 & ending with the A. P.  
24-6-93  
Agents' no 895  
26-7-93

3 - Do - commencing from Amiribisab  
set's qad dated 1st December  
1896 & ending with the A. P. Agents'  
no 597  
6-1-97

4 - Do commencing from Amiribisab's  
qad d. 11th March 1898 with the A. P. Agents'  
no 843 d. 15-4-98

5 - Do - commencing from Amiribisab's  
qad d. 1st Sept 1898 with the A. P. Agents'  
no 214 d. 1-9-98

margin are sent herewith  
for favour of perusal.

It will be seen from

them that Amiribisab  
had ere long made similar  
requests but none of

them were granted by the  
Political authorities. The

H. S. would respectfully  
solicit particular attention

of the A. P. Agent to the

memos made by Messrs Bonus & Anderson included res  
pectively in the first & the fourth of the accompanying  
prakarnas. There has been no precedent for any such  
concession having been ever made to other Biradars &  
Khangadon since a occasions. If the request of the  
last be now granted it will be set as a precedent by  
other Biradars also & will there by cause unnecessary  
to the local state authorities.

No 542 of 1900.

28th July 1900.

Forwarded with compliments to the Political Agent.

2. The request is not one for more but merely for the loan of drums & for the use of a cannon. Undersigned does not think it is covered by the precedent cited. If it is customary which point can easily be ascertained from the state records or by evidence, the request might be granted on Undersigned's humble opinion.

(sd) A. H. Eschscholtz  
A. P. Agent.

No 5458

28-7-1900.

Returned with compliments.

The Political Agent has never heard of cannon being fired off in honour of domestic events in

The families of the relation of the ruling chiefs. The discharge of cannon is a privilege resting in the ruling chief only. Amirbibi should be informed that the Political Agent sees no reason to grant her request.

To be returned

27-7-00

(sd) W. E. Woodcock.

Pol. Agent.

No 554 of 1900.

Forwarded

7 1900.

(sd) A. H. Eschscholtz  
A. P. Agent.

5500-1, 5500-2  
5500-3, 5500-4  
5500-5, 5500-6  
5500-7, 5500-8  
5500-9, 5500-10  
5500-11, 5500-12  
5500-13, 5500-14  
5500-15, 5500-16  
5500-17, 5500-18  
5500-19, 5500-20  
5500-21, 5500-22  
5500-23, 5500-24  
5500-25, 5500-26  
5500-27, 5500-28  
5500-29, 5500-30  
5500-31, 5500-32  
5500-33, 5500-34  
5500-35, 5500-36  
5500-37, 5500-38  
5500-39, 5500-40  
5500-41, 5500-42  
5500-43, 5500-44  
5500-45, 5500-46  
5500-47, 5500-48  
5500-49, 5500-50  
5500-51, 5500-52  
5500-53, 5500-54  
5500-55, 5500-56  
5500-57, 5500-58  
5500-59, 5500-60  
5500-61, 5500-62  
5500-63, 5500-64  
5500-65, 5500-66  
5500-67, 5500-68  
5500-69, 5500-70  
5500-71, 5500-72  
5500-73, 5500-74  
5500-75, 5500-76  
5500-77, 5500-78  
5500-79, 5500-80  
5500-81, 5500-82  
5500-83, 5500-84  
5500-85, 5500-86  
5500-87, 5500-88  
5500-89, 5500-90  
5500-91, 5500-92  
5500-93, 5500-94  
5500-95, 5500-96  
5500-97, 5500-98  
5500-99, 5500-100

— ၂၃၄၈ ဝေဟနရုပ်ပုံဝေဟန

ဝေဟန ဝေဟနရုပ်ပုံဝေဟန ၂၃၄၈ ၁၃၄၈ ၁၃၄၈ ၁၃၄၈  
ဝေဟနရုပ်ပုံဝေဟန ၁၃၄၈ ၁၃၄၈ ၁၃၄၈ ၁၃၄၈

၁၃၄၈ ၁၃၄၈ ၁၃၄၈

no 338 of 1900.

68 August 1900.  
83

Returned with compliments to the A. I. H. and

2 The U. S. respectfully begs to state that  
the orders of the Political Agent have been communi-  
cated in writing to the British on the 10th inst.



(Dian L. L.)

10 9 / 88

Sauwaur, Kaurabsahab's Office,

12<sup>th</sup> July 1886,

From,

The Kaurabsahab,

Sauwaur,

To

The Acting Collector and Political Agent,

Bharwar,

Sir,

In reply to your Vernacular letter  
No. 33 dated the 2<sup>nd</sup> <sup>June,</sup> ~~July~~ 1886, I have the  
honor to inform you as follows.

In your letter under reference you have  
addressed me to let you know what sum  
we are willing to pay for the Bismilla ceremony  
of Shahajha begum daughter of the late Kaurab  
sahab, if other Biradars <sup>were</sup> ~~have been~~ paid  
in previous days, on such occasions.

When the State was under the management  
of the Political Agent during the minority of  
the late Kaurabsahab, pecuniary assistance  
of short sums, has been given to some  
Biradars who were in want of money, for  
such ceremonies, not as of their claims on

state but for the sake of <sup>my</sup> ~~my~~ <sup>my</sup> favor. Since from  
the time, the late Nawab Sahib was entrusted  
with the management of the state, no one has  
been aided or for such ceremonies. The custom  
has been entirely put a stop to. Piradars  
have no claim at all on the state, to  
make such demands.

A life settlement of Rs 50 per month, has  
been made to Shahjahanbegum, besides 2 Inam  
fields, which yield an annual income of  
about Rs 150. This <sup>income</sup> ~~sum~~ is quite sufficient

for her support and also to defray the expenses  
of such ceremonies. <sup>Bismilla is the commencing day of days to wear.</sup> For this ~~Bismilla~~ ceremony,

a sum of Rs 50 is quite sufficient. and this  
sum, I think, that Amir Bibi Sahib, could  
easily spend out of the income of Shahjahanbegum.

Besides this, Mr. Middleton has drawn up  
a memo on 23rd October 1886, in which he  
has laid down that any payment in addition  
to the said grant depends entirely on my (Nawab's)  
pleasure.

However I am willing to pay Rs 50  
which are quite sufficient, for this ceremony  
in compliance with your desire, not as

of claim of Shajihabegum on the State but  
for the sake of doing favor to her as she  
is the daughter of the late Nawab Sahib, For  
the 2nd para of your letter, I shall write to you shortly.

Yours sincere friend,

Alfred Leezy Khan  
Nawab Sahib Dewanur.



No. 65 of 1892-93.

From,

The Diwan of Savanur.

To,

The Assistant Political Agent  
Savanur State.

Savanur 20<sup>th</sup> April 1893.

Sir,

In obedience to your endorsement  
No. 340 of the 10<sup>th</sup> March 1893 I have the honor  
of reporting as follows on the various points  
raised by Shahajha Begum minor daughter of the  
late Nawab Abdul Daulat Khan Dilerang Bahadur,  
in her petition accompanying your No. under  
reference.

Under the sanction of Government  
Resolution No. 5693 of 6<sup>th</sup> November 1885 P.D. the  
petitioner has been granted a life allowance  
of Rs 50 a month

and 2 fields in Hattimatter as a life Income  
Government have remarked in their  
Resolution alluded to above that the settle-  
ment seems to be both carefully considered  
and sufficiently liberal. I have gone  
through the state accounts and there is no  
instance of a hawab's daughter having been  
~~granted~~ a larger allowance. The allowance is  
enough for the support of the girl and I am  
at a loss to see what led Ameerhik Sahab  
to run into debt on her account. In any  
case, the state is not liable to pay off any  
such debts.

I have hereto appended copies of Mr  
Middleton's Vernacular letters to the address of  
Ameerhik Sahab - On perusal of them it will  
be seen that all the points referred to in

paras 4-5 & 6 have been decided by  
him after full consideration and that  
there is no need of giving them any re-  
consideration

~~As for her~~ request for the entry of her  
name in the list of first class sirdars

I beg to state that only the hawab's widows  
of this state have been conferred the distinction.

Looking to the rank & position of the petitioner  
I am of opinion that her name may be  
entered in the list of 2nd class sirdars for place  
and precedence only but that the question be  
~~post~~ deferred until she attains majority and  
makes the request in person.

---  
The state has never granted such rights  
and privileges as are referred to in para 2 & last  
portion of para 3 of the application to any one of the

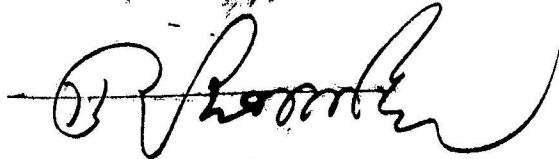
Laws' <sup>it has</sup>  
the daughters of ~~Laws~~. ~~The applicant~~  
and ~~this is~~ no

reason whatsoever to admit the applicant to  
any special favor.

I have the honor of being,

Res,

your most obedient servant,



Bureau of Patents

No. 16 of 1896-97.

From,

The Diwan of Savanur  
State.

To,

Jardar Rao Bahadur Beheehardas  
Viharidas Acting Diwan of Junagadh

Savanur Diwan's Office,

21<sup>st</sup> November 1896.

Re,

With reference to your letter No. 223  
dated 11<sup>th</sup> May 1896 addressed to Abdul Shamsko-  
din Khan Biradar Nawab and your Katils letters  
Nos  $\frac{4}{7-9-96}$  and  $\frac{5.2}{17-10-96}$  to the address of The Political

Agent Kathiwar, I have the honor to

state that I have  
~~state that~~ I send herewith in a registered

and insured cover the currency notes of  
the Bombay Circle each of Rs one hundred bearing  
number as noted in the margin in satisfaction

$\frac{W}{51}$	58552	of the loan of Rs 200 which you were kind enough to
$\frac{W}{37}$	84568	

granted to Mr. Abdul Subhanodin Khan Sahib  
when he had been at Junagadh for arranging  
~~about the betrothal of the~~ in April last.

The favor acknowledging the receipt is earnestly  
solicited.

bring to your notice

2 I ~~further~~ beg to state that the delay in  
making this remittance was unavoidable as  
detailed accounts were not received in time  
owing to the indisposition of one of the ambassadors  
soon after his arrival here return to this place.

3 The letter to your address from above

Chamstotinkham is submitted herewith.

I have the honor to be,

Sir

your most obedient servant



for Sir au of Savanur

No. 4 of 1896.  
52.53

To,

Colonel C. W. H. Sealy,

acting Political Agent,

Kathiawar.

Sir,

I have the honor under directions  
from the Junagadh Darbar, to state that  
in the month of April last when Mr. Abdul  
Shamsuddin Khan, the brother of the Nawabsahib  
of Savanur, had come to Junagadh with  
a recommendation from the then Political  
Agent of Kathiawar for the purpose of  
arranging the betrothal of the Savanur  
Nawabsahib's Shahangati, he took a loan  
of Rs 200 from this State and gave promise



to remit. The sum is now after reaching  
Savann.

2 That although he has been reminded  
more than once by a letter No 223 dated 11<sup>th</sup>  
May 1896, through The Political Agent  
Savann, yet I am sorry to say that up to  
now the money has not been remitted;  
and therefore I beg to request you to be  
good enough to write to the British  
authorities there on the subject.

Rajkot-  
7<sup>th</sup> Sep 1896 } I have to  
(sd) Bhupatirai Trikamaji  
Jumagath Vakil

No. 3782 of 1896

Kathianwar Political Agency.

Rajkot 7<sup>th</sup> September 1896

Copy forwarded with compliments of

The Collector of Bharnwar & Political  
Agent for Saurashtra for favor of considera-  
tion.

Signed in English  
Acting Pol. Agent  
Kathianwar.

No. 6669 Bharnwar  
22 September 1896.

Forwarded to the Bureau of Saurashtra  
for report with reference to this office.  
Letter No 3574 dated The 25<sup>th</sup> May last.

H. B. Cappel  
Collector & Pol. Agent

No. of 1896-97.

Saurashtra 23rd November 1896

Returned with humble respects.

I beg most respectfully to state

That two currency notes of the Bombay  
series were on 21st Instant sent in  
a registered cover to Sardar Ness Bahadur  
Dewan of Junagadh in satisfaction of  
the loan in question and that the whole  
amount has been insured

Through the  
A. P. agent }

G. J. M. L.  
Dewan of Savanur.

Copy

No 223/5/1896

From Sirdar Rao Bahadur  
Behechardas Haridas  
Acting Diwan of Janagadh  
To Mr. Abdul Shemsoodine  
Khan, Biradar. Jawaharke.

Sawanur  
Diwan Office  
11th May 1896.

Sir I have the honour to  
request you to remit at your  
earliest convenience the sum  
Rs 200 (two hundred) which was  
lent to you last month during the  
time you were here for con-  
sidering about the betrothal of the  
Princess of ...

I have the honour  
to be Sir,  
Your most obed.  
Sd/- Behechardas Haridas  
Acting Diwan of Janagadh



No. of 1896-97

Durum . . . November 1896

Returned with Compliments.

I beg to state that the  
detailed accounts submitted by  
Messrs. Abdul Shamsoodien Khan  
& Venkataramanacharya were  
this office Vernacular No 39 (a/c &  
Pol. Agent Mulki Swak) dated 12th  
September '96. & were received & referred  
under the Assistant Police  
Agents No 398 below upon  
13-11-96  
office Vernacular No 61  
2-11-96

2 The fact of having remitted  
the amount as directed in Para 3  
above has been reported in detail  
in this office No . . . dated 2 days.

Through the  
assistant  
Pol. Agent  
Durum

— O. P. M. —  
Durum of Durum

52 - of 1896  
52 53

To

Colonel. G. W. J. Sealy  
Political Agent.  
Kathiawar

Sir

No reply has been received  
by the Junagadh State regarding the  
request contained in this office letter  
No. 4 - of 1896 dated the 7<sup>th</sup> Ultimo. I  
have the honour, under directions to  
seek your favour for a reminder on the  
subject to the British Authorities at  
Savarni.

Rajkot } I have seen  
17<sup>th</sup> October } Sd / Bhupalrai Trikamji  
1896 } Junagadh Vakil,

No. 4384 of 1896

Kathiawar Political Agency  
Rajkot 19<sup>th</sup> October 1896  
Copy forwarded with compliments

complements to the collector of Sharwar,  
and Political Agent for Pawanur  
in continuation of this office c to 3782  
of 9<sup>th</sup> ultimo.

per yearly  
No. 7587

George King, Political Agent  
Kathianwar

Sharwar  
29 October / 96

---

Forwarded to the Sivan of  
Pawanur for compliance with re-  
ference to this office no 5574 dated  
25 May 4. Subsequent reminders.

to be returned

Wd.

Pawanur

Political Agent  
(Recd)

31 10 / 96



etc. of 1896 97

Answer 23<sup>rd</sup> of Nov 1898.

Returned with compliments

I beg to state that I have this  
day reported in my ho. as to having  
made the remittance in question.

J. L. Lorrain  
Clerk

Below l. no  $\frac{4}{5.2.53}$  of 1896 dated 7<sup>th</sup>  
September 1896 from Gunagadha  
Vatil Bhupatrai Srikanyji to Acting  
Political Agent Savanur, Diwan  
of Savanur Savanur no  $\frac{17}{23-11-96}$

---

no 206 of 1896

Camp Halgeri

Dated 30-11-96

Forwarded to the Political  
Agent with compliments. the  
delay was due to the auditing  
of the accounts of expenses —  
incurred in the journey. apologies  
should be offered to the Gunagad  
Darbar for the ~~be~~ delay. the  
loan has been repaid.

28-11-96

Signed. F. Anderson  
A. P. S.

gunagad state loan  
interest 6%

dhc no 199  
29-11-96